

# **RAMAKRISHNA MISSION VIDYAMANDIRA**

(Residential Autonomous College under University of Calcutta)

**SECOND YEAR**

**B.A./B.SC. FOURTH SEMESTER (January – June) 2013**

**Mid-Semester Examination, March 2013**

Date : 05/03/2013

**PHYSICS (General)**

Time : 12 noon – 1 pm

Paper : IV

Full Marks : 25

**Answer any five questions from Gr-A, Gr-B and Gr-C.**

**Use three answer scripts, one for each group.**

## **Group -A**

**Answer any one question.**

1. Derive an expression for the intensity distribution at a point due to interference of two coherent monochromatic light beams of same wave length in Young's double slit experiment. 5
2. a) Using Huygens' principle, explain how light propagate in the medium. 2  
b) Prove laws of reflection with help of wave theory. 3

## **Group - B**

**Answer any one question.**

3. What do you mean by static and dynamic resistances of a diode? How does the dynamic resistance varies with temperature? Explain. 1+1+3
4. What is a Zener diode? Distinguish between avalanche breakdown and Zener breakdown. 1+4

## **Group -C**

**Answer any three questions.**

5. Using the invariance of the law of momentum conservation derive the formula for the variation of the relativistic mass with velocity. 5
6. a) What must be the velocity of a body in uniform motion for its length to be halved. 2  
b) Establish the relativistic relation  $E^2 = p^2 c^2 + m_0^2 c^4$ , where the symbols have their usual meanings. 3
7. a) State and explain Bragg's law of x-ray diffraction. 2  
b) A KCl crystal has a density of  $1.98 \times 10^3 \text{ Kg m}^{-3}$  and its molecular weight is 74.55. Find out the distance between the adjacent Bragg's planes. 3
8. a) State Moseley's law for characteristic x-ray spectrum. 2  
b) Explain Moseley's law from Bohr theory of atom. 3